AsahiKASEI

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier used on the label

Product Name	**XYRON™ S201A, S202A, S203A**
SDS No.	XY-A012-2

Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party

Company Name	ASAHI KASEI CORPORATION
Address	1-105 Kanda Jinbo-cho, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 101-8101 Japan
Contact Telephone Number	ASAHI KASEI CORPORATION（JAPAN） Phone +81- 3-3296-3386 , Fax +81- 3-3296-3473 ASAHI KASEI PLASTICS (NORTH AMERICA),Inc. Phone +1-517-223-2000 ASAHI KASEI EUROPE GmbH Phone +49- 211-8822-030 , Fax +49-211-8822-0333 ASAHI KASEI PLASTICS SINGAPORE PTE. LTD. Phone +65-6324-3001 , Fax +65-6324-3808 ASAHIKASEI PLASTICS (THAILAND) CO., LTD. Phone +66-35-350-720 , Fax +66-35-350-716 ASAHI KASEI PLASTICS (SHANGHAI) CO., LTD. Phone +86-21-6391-5252 , Fax +86-21-6391-5886 ASAHI KASEI PLASTICS (HONG KONG) CO., LTD. Phone +852-2151-4000 , Fax +852-2116-4300 ASAHI KASEI PLASTICS (GUANGZHOU) CO., LTD. Phone +86-20-8527-1616 , Fax +86-20-8527-1700
Emergency Telephone Number	CHEMTREC(US) Phone (U.S.) 800-424-9300 International +1-703-527-3887(collect) 24 hours Everyday BIG v.z.w.(EU) Phone +32-1-458-4545, Fax +32-1-458-3516 ASAHI KASEI CORPORATION（JAPAN） R&D Planning and Business Development Performance Plastics Technical Dept. (XYRON) Phone +81-44-271-2561, Fax +81-44-271-2168 Business time : 9:00~18:00 on weekday

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use	Plastic ingredient for home electronics, electronic materials, automotive materials, industrial materials, consumer goods. .
Restriction on use	<Notice & warning concerning the use of XYRON> Do not use XYRON for the parts below. ・ Medical vessels, packages, apparatus, parts which touch inside the human body, mucous membranes, body fluid, blood, and medicine permanently or continuously for a long term (more than 30 days). ・ Equipments, parts which contact with food containers/ packaging / equipment/ parts and drinking water. ・ Toys which contacts with mouth, drinking water etc. Note that XYRON may be used for these applications with concretization of the applications if these application only touch temporary. Please contact us for detail.

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the chemical in accordance with paragraph (d) of §1910.1200

[GHS-Classification]	
Physical Hazards	Classification not possible
Health Hazards	
Reproductive toxicity	Category 1
Environmental Hazards	Classification not possible
Other Hazards	No information

Signal word, hazard statement(s), symbol(s) and precautionary statement(s) in accordance with paragraph (f) of §1910.1200

[GHS label element]	
Symbol(s)	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard Statement(s)	May damage fertility or the unborn child

[Precautionary Statement(s)]	
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response	If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Storage	Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with related laws and local/ regional regulations.
Other information	・ Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read, understood and precautionary measures are taken. ・ Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. ・ Wear protective gloves, eye-protection, and dust-protective mask, if necessary. ・ In order to avoid dust explosion, this product should be handled in inert gas and without Ignition source (heat).
Description of any hazards not otherwise classified	・ May cause a dust explosion. ・ Gas is generated in melted condition.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical name or generic name; Poly(2,6-dimethyl-1,4-phenylene ether)

Components	Content[wt%]	CAS No.	EINECS No.
Poly(2,6-dimethyl-1,4-phenylene ether)	>99.7	25134-01-4	N/A
Toluene	< 0.3	108-88-3	203-625-9
Total	100	-	-

・ All of ingredients are listed on TSCA, EINECS (ELINCS), ENCS (JPN), ISHL (JPN), IECSC (CHN), ECL(KOR), PICCS(PHL),DSL(CAN), AICS(AUS), and ERMA(NZL) inventories.

4. First aid measures

Necessary first-aid measures by relevant routes of exposure

Inhaled. (Dust)	・ Remove from exposure to fresh air and gargle with plenty of water. ・ If you feel unwell, seek immediate medical attention.
Eyes.	・ Do not rub eyes. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes. ・ Remove contact lenses immediately if worn. ・ Seek immediate medical attention.
Skin.	Do not peel off melted material; cool down affected area with plenty of water for more than 30 minutes. Then get medical attention.
Inhaled. (Gases from the molten resin)	When gases from the molten resin are inhaled, remove the victim from the area to give fresh air. If you feel unwell, seek immediate medical attention.
Swallowed	Rinse mouth. Immediately get medical advice/attention.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Protection who gives the first aid.	Wear protective mask to avoid inhalation of the dust, and ventilate to remove the dust.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	No information

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Spraying water and other extinguisher can be used.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Applying direct water may be dangerous because fire may expand to surroundings.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Strong heat, black fume and gases such as CO_2, CO may be generated on fire.
Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters	Use the same fire fighting method as the general fire. Fight fire from the safe distance. Wear fire retardant clothing and respiratory equipment when fighting fire. Work from the windward.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	・ In case powder spills in large quantities, persons in the area should be evacuated and moved upwind. ・ The area where powder spills should be isolated and indicate off-limits.
Emergency measures and protective equipment	Wear protective equipment (safety glasses, dust mask, and as necessary, respirator) to avoid contact with dust, inhalation.
Environmental precautions	In case powder leaks to the waste water system, all powder should be collected considered bad influences to birds and fish, etc.,
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	・ Remove the ignition source from the area. ・ Smoking, naked flame in the area and bringing ignition source into the area is prohibited. ・ Use shovel that does not spark, and explosion-proof collecting device. ・ Stop leakage safely. ・ Use water spray or spray to prevent dust explosion. ・ Leaked powder should be collected into indicated disposal container(drums etc.,).
Prevention of secondary disaster	None.

7. Handling and storage

< Precautions for safe handling >

Prevention dust explosion	This product is powder. That need special attention When handling of this product, special attention should be paid to dust explosion, notes of dust explosion prevention are described below. The lower explosive limit concentration of PPE powder in the air is 50g/m^3 (when average particle size is 35μm), there is enough possibility to cause dust explosions. To prevent dust explosions, ・ Do not create explosive dust environment. ・ If it is not possible, keep the environment that does not meet the explosion conditions (Cut off the oxygen, and don't create the ignition source etc,.). ・ To prevent the formation of explosive atmosphere, specific methods are described below.
(1)Safety of handling	・ When handling PPE powder, to prevent scattering over wide range, handle as quiet as possible, flow, agitation, etc. should be minimized. ・ When PPE powder is filled bag or container etc., handling amount should be as small as possible, and to prevent powder scattering, opening space of bags or containers etc., should be as small as possible. ・ Handle inside enclosed device as possible. If there's no choice but to handle in open area, take appropriate actions should be taken such as to equip forced ventilation device. ・ Floating and scattering dust should be removed by forced ventilation.

(2)Leakage prevention	・ When PPE powder is filled bag or container etc., handling amount should be as small as possible, and be used hopper, or chute as possible. ・ When PPE powder is loaded or unloaded containers, install bag filters where respiration (increase or decrease of the air concentration in gas phase) caused by this occurs, to prevent powder leakage. ・ When opening devices or facilities to repair, remove PPE powder inside these beforehand to prevent powder leakage, and confirm powder does not remain. ・ Install leakage-detecting equipment as much as possible to devices or facilities PPE powder inside which is likely to leak to minimize leakage even if leakage caused by accidents occurs.
(3)Floating, scattering and accumulation prevention	・ Install forced ventilation or exhaust devices in following locations where PPE powder is handled. (A) Where opening bags or containers which contains PPE powder. (B) Where PPE powder is handled at open system. (C) Where PPE powder is likely to leak. ・ If necessary, use mobile forced ventilation or exhaust devices in following cases when PPE powder is handled. (A) When PPE powder handled temporarily. (B) When brush off the powder adhering to bags, containers, or operators. (C) When inspecting or repairing of devices or facilities inside which PPE powder is handled. ・ Buildings and equipment should have the structure which PPE powder is difficult to accumulate, and easy to remove if accumulates. Devices and facilities inside which PPE powder is handled at open system install partition wall where required to prevent widespread scattering.
(4) Dangerous atmosphere prevention	・ In case PPE powder is handled at or nearly closed facilities, replace the air in surrounding apace with inert gas such as nitrogen or carbon dioxide. According to handling of inert gas, follow the MSDS or handling standards. ・ (Oxygen concentration becomes less than 10%, dust explosion does not occur even if dust concentration is 150g/m^3.) ・ Minimize the volume of facilities or devices inside which PPE powder is handled as possible, and eliminate dead space. PPE powder should be handled independently as possible, shouldn't be mixed with flammable liquids and flammable gas / vapor.
(5) Ignition source prevention	In and around places handling PPE powder, comply with the followings so as not to create a source of ignition. ・ Electrical machinery or dust collector used the places should be dust-proof. ・ Heating appliances (stove, etc.) must not be used. ・ Smoking and carrying matches, lighters, etc. are prohibited. ・ To prevent generation of static electricity, equipment should be surely grounded. ・ Use safety tools that do not generate spark. ・ Prevent generation and access of ignition sources.

<Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities >

Safe handling precautions	・ While handling this product, do not eat or drink. ・ To avoid exposure, use personal protective equipment and ventilation device. If there is a risk of exposure, wear protective equipment (protective gloves, safety glasses, dust mask, etc.) to avoid inhalation and contact. ・ Keep PPE powder concentration below allowable level (see section 8).. ・ Use the effective ventilation and exhaust devices and handle only in a well-ventilated area. ・ Wash contaminated cloths when reusing them. ・ After handling, wash hands well. ・ Avoid releasing to the environment. ・ If PPE powder is spilled on the floor, remove and clean immediately. If it is leaved, there're risks of slipping and falling. ・ Determine correct work procedures and comply with them.
Incompatible materials	No information
Storage	Be stored at places where meet appropriate storage conditions as follows. · Store at places where are not exposed to direct sunlight. -Store to avoid the high temperature and humidity. · Store away from sources of ignition. · Take measures to prevent static electricity disaster.
Packing material	Use packing container materials suitable for storage conditions.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls	See "7. HANDLING AND STORAGE" for facility measures. Install shower, hand wash, a face-wash facility at handling area, and clearly indicate their places. In addition, display indications which call person's attention such as "No Fire", "No Entry to Unauthorized Persons" or "Wear long sleeves".
Administrative level, allowable limit	Gases are generated from melted resin but administrative level and allowable limit are not established.

<Toluene>	OSHA PEL (2016): 200 ppm ACGIH TLV-TWA (2016): 20 ppm, 75 mg/m^3

<Dust>

Allowable limit for this resin is not established in AGCIH. However below values are applicable for dust.

Airborne Exposure Limit (reference 2, 3)

OSHA PEL	15 mg/m^3 (Total PNOR) 5 mg/m^3 (Respirable PNOR) *PNOR: Particulates not otherwise regulated
ACGIH TLV-TWA	3 mg/m^3 (Respirable PNOS) 10 mg/m^3 (Inhalable PNOS) *PNOS: Particles (insoluble or poorly soluble) Not Otherwise Specified

< Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment >

Respiratory protection	Wear gas mask for organic gas when working in a place where generated gas or fume may be breathed. Wear dust control mask when dust is caused by the works such as machinery processing of resin product, sanding, removing resing powder from bag filter, cleaning of sieving machine.
Hand protection	It is recommended to wear hand protection if necesasry. Especially when handling melted resin, wear heat-resistant gloves for burn prevention.
Eye protection	It is recommended to wear side-shielded eye protection made with resin, resin goggles.
Skin and body protection	Wear long-sleeved clothing when handling melted resin for burn prevention.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance (physical state, color, etc.)	Plastic powder. White or pale yellow
Odor	None or Slight odor
Odor threshold	No information
pH	Not applicable
Melting point/freezing point	These products don't exhibit a sharp melting point, but softens gradually. (glass transition temperature (Tg) of these products are about 215 deg. C.)
Initial boiling point and boiling range	No information
Decomposition temperature	>400 deg C
Ignition point	>400 deg C
Flash point	>450 deg C
Evaporation rate	No information
Flammability (solid, gas)	This product is incombustible or has flame resistance.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	PPE powder has a possibility to cause dust explosions. The following data is obtained by Hartmann type dust explosion test (* 1) In the case of PPE powder having average particle size is 35μm, 50% probability of explosion (in air) Dust concentration : 75g/m^3 Lower explosive limit concentration: 50g/m^3 Minimum ignition energy: When concentration is 800g/m^3, 9.9mJ (* 1) Based on the result of outside testing laboratory data:
Vapor pressure	No information
Vapor density	No information
Relative density	No information
Specific gravity	1.05 - 1.1 bulk specific gravity: 0.4-0.6g/ml
Solubility (ies)	
Water	Insoluble
Other solvent	Soluble in organic solvent (Chloroform, Toluene etc.)

Partition coefficient: *n*-octanol/water	No data
Auto-ignition temperature	No information
Viscosity	No information
Other information	No information

10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability	Stable at room temperature as far as stored protected from direct sunlight, away from fire or heat source.
Reactivity	・ There's no reactivity under general storage or handling. However, if explosive dust is generated in the air, and ignition source and oxygen source is present, explosive combustion will occur due to rapid oxidation reaction(dust explosion). ・ Dust explosion prevention measures: PPE powder dust should not be scattered . If this is not possible, do not create the source of ignition and be an inert gas atmosphere.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	May cause a dust explosion. Gas is generated in melted condition.
Conditions to avoid	Direct sunlight, fire, heat source, and dust generation
Incompatible materials	None.
Hazardous decomposition products	Black fume, gases such as CO_2, CO may be generated in combustion.
Hazardous polymerization	Will not occur.
Storage stability	Stable
Oxidizing property	None
Self-reactivity	None

11. Toxicological information

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

The classifications of each component in products are referred to reference 1, 4, 5, and 6.

Ingredients Content	Poly(2,6-dimethyl-1,4-phenylene ether)	Toluene	Classification of Products
	> 99.7 wt%	< 0.3wt%	
Acute toxicity (oral)	Classification not possible	Category 5 LD50=4800mg(rat)	Classification not Possible [1)]
Acute toxicity (inhalation: vapor)	Classification not possible	Category 4	Classification not Possible [2)]
Skin corrosion / irritation	Classification not possible	Category 2	Classification not Possible [3)]
Serious eye damage / eye irritation	Classification not possible	Category 2B	Classification not Possible [4)]
Reproductive Toxicity	Classification not possible	Category 1A	Category 1 [5)]
Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure	Classification not possible	Category 1 (central nervous system) Category 3 (respiratory tract irritation,	Classification not Possible [6)]

		narcotic effects)	
Specific target organ toxicity - Repeated exposure	Classification not possible	Category 1 (Central nervous system, kidneys, liver)	Classification not Possible [6)]
Aspiration hazard	Classification not possible	Category 1	Not applicable [7)]

Note;

1. ATE of poly(1,4-dimethyl-2,6-phenylene oxide) is unknown, but the acute toxicity (oral) is estimated to be very low, so ATE of PPE was defined as ATE = ∞. As a result, the value of ATEmix was more than 5000, and the classification of products is specified as “Classification not possible”.
2. The products cannot be classified because the hazardous substances are not inhaled as dust, gas, vapor and mist for they are covered by the product resin and not likely to be separated by the exudation etc.
3. The products cannot be classified because the hazardous substances are not exposed to the skin directly for they are covered by the product resin and not likely to be separated by the exudation etc.
4. The products cannot be classified because the hazardous substances are not exposed to the eyes directly for they are covered by the product resin and not likely to be separated by the exudation etc.
5. According to the accordance with appendix A of §1910.1200 for mixtures, the classification of products is specified as “Category 1”.
6. The products cannot be classified because the hazardous substances are not inhaled as dust, gas, vapor and mist for they are covered by the product resin and not likely to be separated by the exudation etc.
7. The products are classified as "Not applicable" because they are solid at room temperature.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short- and long-term exposure	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Numerical measures of toxicity (such as acute toxicity estimates)	Acute toxicity was estimated based on ingredients of the product by additivity formula.
Whether the chemical is listed in the NTP Report on Carcinogens or has been found to be a potential carcinogen in the IARC Monographs, or by OSHA	IARC: Group 3 (Toluene) NTP Report: Not listed OSHA: Not listed

12. Ecological information

The classifications of each component in products are referred to reference 1, 4, 5 and 6.

Ingredients Content	Poly(2,6-dimethyl-1,4-phenylene ether)	Toluene	Classification of Products
	> 99.7 wt%	< 0.3wt%	
Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute)	Classification not possible	Category 2	Classification not Possible [1)]
Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)	Classification not possible	Not classified	Classification not Possible

Note;

1. According to the GHS classification criteria for mixtures, the classification of products is specified as “Classification not possible”.

Persistence and degradability	Information on product: No information Poly(2,6-dimethyl-1,4-phenylene ether): No information Toluene: No information
Bioaccumulative potential	Information on product: No information Poly(2,6-dimethyl-1,4-phenylene ether): No information Toluene: No information
Mobility in soil	Information on product: No information Poly(2,6-dimethyl-1,4-phenylene ether): No information Toluene: No information
Other adverse effects	No information

13. Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Dispose of according to regulation and standard of regional government.

Avoid direct release of waste containing this product (effluent, solid and washing water) to the river or landfill.

In case of incineration treat by the method in accordance with relevant laws such as Air Pollution Control Law using the incinerator.

Remove all the residues before disposal of the container (paper bag, drum, flexible container) of this product after use, dispose of in accordance with relevant laws and do not re-use for other usage.

14. Transport information

<International regulations>

IMDG	Not restricted
ICAO-TI/ IATA-DGR	Not restricted
Transport hazard class(es)	Not restricted
UN number	Not restricted
UN proper shipping name	Not restricted
Packing group	Not restricted
Environmental hazards	Not restricted
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and IBC code	Not restricted
Special safety precautions and conditions during transport	Do not handle roughly and keep dry not to break packaging bag. If the bag is broken and pellet is spilt, pay attention not to fall by slippery floor. If transpoprted by air-conveying line take prevention measures against static discharge.

<U.S.A>

U.S. Department of Transportation(D.O.T)	Not restricted

<Canada>

Canadian T.D.G. Information	Not restricted

15. Regulatory information

These products are classified according to the hazard criteria of the controlled products regulation, this SDS includes all of the information that is required by the controlled products regulation.

<U.S.A>

OSHA	These products are hazardous under 29 CFR 1910.1200.
TSCA	All components on TSCA.
40 CFR 799, Subparts B-C	Not Applicable
40 CFR 721 Subpart E	Not Applicable
40 CFR 747,749,761～3,766	Not Applicable
40 CFR 712, Subpart B	Not Applicable
40 CFR 716.120, Subpart B	These products may contain the following materials. Name Cas No. Content (wt%) Toluene 108-88-3 <0.3
CERCLA/ SUPERFUND (40 CFR 117,302)	These products may contain the following materials. Name Cas No. Content (wt%) Toluene 108-88-3 <0.3
SARA TITLE Ⅲ	
Section 302 (40CDR355)	None
Section 311/312 (40CFR370)	Immediate(acute) health hazard : No Delayed(chronic) health hazard : No Fire hazard : No Sudden release of pressure : No Reactive : No
Section 313 (40CFR372):	Following ingredients are listed: Name Cas No. Content (wt%) Toluene 108-88-3 < 0.3
Clean Air Act	These products may contain the following materials. Name Cas No. Content (wt%) Toluene 108-88-3 <0.3
Clean Water Act	These products may contain the following materials. Name Cas No. Content (wt%) Toluene 108-88-3 <0.3
State regulations	
California Prop 65	These products may contain the following materials. Name Cas No. Content (wt%) Toluene 108-88-3 <0.3

Note ; Refer to any other federal, state and local regulations.

Canada

WHMIS	Not Applicable

EU

1272/2008 Annex VI Table-3.1	Toluene (< 0.3wt%) Flam. Liq. 2 Asp. Tox. 1 Skin Irrit. 2 STOT SE 3 Repr. 2 STOT RE 2

1272/2008 Table-3.2	Toluene (< 0.3wt%) F; R11 Repr. Cat 3; R63 Xn; R48/20-65 Xi; R38 R67
REACH SVHC	None present or none present in regulated quantities.
REACH Annex ⅩⅣ	None present or none present in regulated quantities.
REACH Annex ⅩⅦ	These products contain Toluene less than 0.3wt%. Entry 48 prohibits the placing on the market for supply to the general public of toluene as a substance or in mixtures, in a concentration equal to or greater than 0.1% by weight, where the substance or the mixture is used in adhesives and spray paints.
DIRECTIVE 2000/53/EC (ELV)	None present or none present in regulated quantities.
DIRECTIVE 2002/95/EC (RoHS)	None present or none present in regulated quantities.

China

Limited toxic chemical substances for export	None
Prohibited cargo list for import and export	None
General rule for classification and hazard communication of Chemicals (GB.13690)	None present or none present in regulated quantities.
List of Dangerous Goods	These products may contain the following materials. Name Cas No. Content (wt%) Toluene 108-88-3 <0.3
List of Hazardous Chemicals	These products may contain the following materials. Name Cas No. Content (wt%) Toluene 108-88-3 <0.3

Korea

Prohibited or regulated toxic substances	None
Toxic substances	These products may contain the following materials. Name Cas No. Content (wt%) Toluene 108-88-3 <0.3
Observed substances	None present or none present in regulated quantities.

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Update history: Date of issue: Oct. 01, 2003
Date of revision: Jan. 01, 2017

Hazard statements and risk phrases of ingredient(s) which do not appear elsewhere in this SDS
These products are used only for raw material of XYRON compound.
Use is prohibited to other usages.

Refer to NFPA 654, Standard for the Prevention of Fire and Dust Explosions from the Manufacturing, Processing, and Handling of Combustible Particulate Solids, for safe handling.

Refer to “XYRON Technical information “ for additional guidance and information .

Note;

The information furnished in this Material Safety Data Sheet is accurate to the best knowledge of ASAHI KASEI CORPORATION (“Asahi”) as of the date of its publication.

This SDS is not intended to create any liability of any kind on the part of Asahi.

In no event will Asahi be responsible for any death, injury or damage of any nature resulting from the use of, reliance upon, or misuse of the SDS or material to which it refers.

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Responsibility for compliance with applicable national or local regulations concerning dissemination of the SDS and sale and use of the material to which it refers rests solely upon the purchaser.

For more information, please contact Asahi at the address and telephone number listed on this sheet.

Reference

1) Incorporated Administration Agency National Institute of Technology and Education HP(Japan), http://www.safe.nite.go.jp/ghs/ghs_download.html
2) ACGIH, “Guide to Occupational Exposure Value, (2016)
3) ACGIH, “TLVs, and BEIs® Based on the Documentation of the Threshold Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents & Biological Exposure Indices”, (2016)
4) IARC Monographs (Vol. 1-95, 29 Nov. 2006)
5) (EU)1272/2008(CLP) http://ec.europa.eu/enterprise/sectors/chemicals/documents/reach/review-annexes/index_en.htm
6) Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemical, (3rd revised edition).